## A

## ORATION



MARCB 5 th, 5 \%

# A 1 <br> O R A T I O N, <br>  <br> March 5 th, 1777, <br> ATTHE 

Rervest of the InHAbITANTS 0 OTME
TOWN OE BOSTON;
T 6
Commrmorats the Bloodt TRAGEDY
 4

BENJAMIN HICHBORN, Efq;
 : Exxercírodiis ;'rind! !qke bat mittite noforo.


B $\quad \mathbf{O} \quad \mathrm{S} \quad \mathrm{T} \quad \mathrm{O} \quad \mathbf{N}:$
Printed by EDES and GILL.


1T a Meeting of the Freeholders and other Inbabitants of the Torun of Boston, duly affembled at Fancuil-Hall, wed beld by Adjoufinment at the Old-Brick Mecting-Houfe on Wednedday. the Fifth of March, Anno Domini, 1777.

UPON a Motion made, Voted Unanimouly, That the Thanks of the Tomn be and herchy are given to Benjamin Hichborn, Efq; for the fpirited Oration delivert by him at their Requelt, in Commemoration of the horrid Maffacie perpetrated on the Evening of the 5 th of March, 1770, by Party of Soldiers of the XXIXth Regiment, under theCommanis of Capt. Thomas Prefon, and that

Gonathans Williams, Efq;<br>Mr. Ellis Gray,<br>Fobn Brown, Elq;<br>Hon. Thomas Cu/bing, Efq;<br>Col. Henry feckjon,<br>Mr. Herman Brimpars, and<br>Hon. William Cooper, Efq;

everunimitteto wat upon Benjamin ${ }^{2}$ Hicbborn, Ef; and to defire a Copy of the Oration for the Prefs. Atteft,

WFilliem Coopen, Town-Cterk.
 not fo far gratify my own wihes as to refure a compliance with their requeft.
March 7 th, 1777. OENJAMIM ICHB GRN 8

## A N

## O R A T I O N.

## FRIENDS and COUNTRYMEN:

LEAVING apologies for my inability to act the part I am to take, in this day's folemnity, to thofe who might have remedied the evil by a more fiutable appointmentI hhall offor my fentiments, upon the fubject with the fame freedom that $I$ conceived them.-

The advantages of focial Life, are the refult of fuch evident neceffity, fo extonfively diffufive and univerfally felt, that all Mankind will readily acknowledge their exifence without the aid of metaphyfics or hiftory.

The right that every individual has to reafon freely upon the nature of that government he is called to fubmit to, having nature for its fource, is no lefs obvious and perceptable-and hence as a neceffary foundation for the exercife of this right, I define civil liberty to be, not "a government by laws". made agreeable to charters, bills of rights or compaets, but a power exiting in the people at large at any time, for any caufe, or for no caufe, but their own fovereign pleafure, to alter or annihilate both the node and effence of any former government, and adopt a new one in its itead.

Pla cing ourfelves then upon this oroad bafis of civil liberty, founded on natural right, we will unaved by the ftanding armies of any tyrants, tools, * or monarchs, ciciiberate freely upon the mature of their inflitutions, and their dar gerous tendency to the rights of man.

Every mailitary force muft neceffarily in ily a tight of exercifing an arbitrary power, fo far as refpects the objects againft which it is to be directed; and what will be the objects againft which it will be in conftant exercife in proportion to its extent, we may collect from the experience of ages, and the wellknown fource of human actions.

The page of hifory feldom groans with the calamities of mankind, but we may trace the fource of their unhappinefs to this angine of oppreffion.

Projected in the blacteft principles of the buman mind, and fupported by ambition and a luft of unbounded fway, this arnied monfer hath fpread havock and mifery throughout the worldWe find the bloody traces of its footfeps through all the ruins of greatnefs, and freedom, either in ancient or mcin times: the mont free and opulent cities of the world, by conniving at its birth, have at laft fallen a prey to its relentiefs fury. $\ddagger$

Whic

[^0]
## An $\begin{array}{lllllllll}O & R & A & T & I & O & N\end{array} \quad 7$

While we are ravifhed with the politenefs, wifdom and greatnefs of the Grecian ftates, we can fearce believe that the productions of fuch art, rcfinement and learning, fhould ever be fubdued by a power that never could have crept into life, but through the channel of their indulgence.

But alas! their fate remains a fanding Monument of this truth, that freedom at fufference is a folacifm in politics.

To avoid the pain that humanity mult fuffer, upon finding fo few inftances of virtue that have been proof againtt the temptations to proftitute a delegated power-I am inclined to thinkthat the great Founder of focieties has caufed the Curse of infituating ambition and relentlefs cruelty to be entailed on thofe whofe vanity may lead them to affume bis prerogative among any of his people as they arectantoned about in the world, and so prevent mankind from paying that adoration and refpect to the moft dignificd mortal, which is due only to infinite wi/dom and godnefs in the direction of Almighty power, and therefore that he alone is fit to bea Monarch.

Were we to traverfe the whole field of human tranfactions, and expect any where to find an exemption from this general charge, we fhould moft maturally fix our ejes upon the Romans-But low mortificd do we find ourfelves by the furvey ?

At the very time this people were mort famed for their virtue and greatnefs,-wiile they were regaling themfelies with luxu-
rious eafe in the lap of freedom-the provinces they obtained by fraud and violence were fuffering under every fecies of the vilent fervitude, and made to contribute to that very eafe and luxury at the difcretion of the moft mercilefs unfeeling talk-mafters.

But they themfelves, by the fame tools they had armed to execute their bloody purpofes, in their turn, became the fubjects of the fame kind of oppreffion they fo liberally dealt out to others, and ftand recorded in hiftory equal monuments of the greatnefs and depravity of human nature.

Taught by the experience of former ages-that a general at the head of an armed force would ever make himfell fuperior to the laws, Europe for feveral centuries raifed effectual barriers againt the danger (and I may fay the puifibility) of their ufur-pations-for the tenure* of their lands though they acknowledge a fuperior lord, was upon conditions fo abhorrent to the idea of ftanding armies, that it offered at ouce both a promife and 2 pledge againtt them.

But to convince us that no human inftitutions can infure permanenr felicity to mankind;-fecurity, the offspring of eatc and freedom, opened the door for one cnterprifing ufur,'sr after another, $\ddagger$ till the inhabitants of the whole ealtern world had but little left of the property of their fpecies but what they pofleffed in their Srape.....

Strange

[^1]
## An ORATION.

Strange Metamorphofis ! - But is it not much franger fill, to fee thefe pitable wretches fript of every enjoyment that can render life a bleffing, meanly courting favour of protection from the tyrants who enflaved them, and eafily miftaken the chains of fervitude for the garbe of nature?

The fornalities of a free and the ends of a defpotic State (fays 2 modern writer) have often fubfifed together.-Britain furnifhes 2 mort unhappy example of this hocking truth :-As if the relifh of liberty was pampered to make flavery itfelf more intolerably loathfome, they feel all the mortifying confequences of the bafert fervitude, and are left to confole themfelves with this confideration, that the weight of their gricvances can 1 ever be encreafed, while they are complimented, or rather tantalized with the name of Free men. Thefe are fome of the glorious effects of fanding armies among foreign nations. I.ct us now confider their confequences in that part of the world, in whofe affairs we take a more interefting part. -

It is cafy to conceive that thofe men who would not fcruple to make efe of cuery artifice and violence to reduce the very people to whofe fencrofity they were indebted for their fplendor, wealth and griatnefs, to a flate of vaffalage, would never hefitate to make their conquets as cx:on!ive as their power,- they can feel the influence of no hare but that of the fivord, and therefore (whatever may be their pretentions) you will in crecy cafe find them ultimately make an appasi to its deciforis.

If fuch are the sovernors what muft the people be ? Having been robbed of lizeriy themfilves, without the fairect arragge

## 10 An OR"A 1

in its defence, ${ }^{*}$ they are juft fit to be made the inftruments of wrefing it from others.

How can we expert that they who know nothing of the happinefs of freedom themfelves fhould feel any reluetance at reducing all mankind to their own difraccful fituation ? Inteed the reverfe is true, for we genera'ly find them taking an mintural pleafure, in Ariping others of the nobleft ornaments and gifts of nature to countenance their own deformity and wretchednefs:-

A trifing farce therefore, upon the quaftion of right in pariliament, was all the previous parade that was thought necef $\prod_{\text {ary }}$ to the introduction of a ftanding army, with all the cnfigns of war into the bowels of our country.

It is needcefs to recount the various prefudes to hoftilitics, the fatal day we now commemorate, opered a feene that filled cuery honeft mind with indignation, and cvery tencer heart with diflrcfs. $\dagger$ -It is impoffible for any who were not vitncffes of that fhock ing event, to conceive the terrors of that dircadfut night, and they who were murt have images of horror ufon the mind they nevee can communicate.

The varicty of contending paffions that onec fall upon a:d diftace the mind, upon the arrival of fuch an important crifis, can nerer le rcalifed but once.

[^2]


## 

To fec the peaceful inhabitants of a city, deliberately murdered by the very men, who in pretence, were fupported for their protec-tion-to hear the piecting groans, to see the mangled bodies and ghafly vifages of the dying and the dead-to hear the flrieks and cries of the timid, with the promilcuous, mingling horrid found of arms, cxecrations and vengeance, produced a fcene of confution and wretchednefs fo complicated and compleat, that the power of the richeft language muft ever fail in defcribing it. *

The cyc of pity is yet called to drop a tear at the fufferings, and patriotifm to pour the balm of charity over the wounds of half-murdered citizens, draging out a mifcrable life, and fresh blceding with the blows aimed at our country.

We could dwell with a melancholly pleafure on this fad cataftrophy, did not a more ample field of violence, bloodfhed and crucky demand our attention.

The palpable abfurdity of making ufe of the name of a king, to give a fanction to thofe very operations which were carrying on againft bim, has been fo fenfibly fcit, through all ranks of men, that we have not yet altogether got rid of its difagreeable effeets.

And I muft confufi I fhould bluht at the ludierous figure in which this part of our hiftory muft exhibit to view in futare time, were we not comentenced by the fame, or more flrikiag inconfifencis which are to be found attendant (and perhaps neccflasily fo) all inportant revolutions.

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\begin{aligned}
& \text { * Non, milb: fi lincilia centum fint. orzqua ran: } \ddot{A}^{\prime} \text {, }
\end{aligned}
$$

## 12 A N O R A T I O N.

We can eafily conccive a mixture of projusce and fear, that will excite fuch awful ideas of the perfon, to whon we have been taught from our cradles, to annex the propertics of a mof gracious fovereign, moof facred majefy, and a train of fuch godlike atributes, as would make us feel confcious of a degree of impiety, in calling ? villain by his proper name, while flarouded under this garb of finitity.

But it is exceedingly diverting to view the influence of this chimerical divinity in thofe who are made the immediate tools of fupperting it-they will tell you it is a tafk moft ungrateful to men of their fenfibility and refinement, to be made the inftruments of fending fire and death indifcriminately among the innocent, the kelplefs, and the fair-but they have fworn to be faithful to their fovereign, and were they ordered to fcale the walls of the new Jerufalem, they flould not dare to decline the impious attempt.

Were it not for this ridiculous faith in the omnipotence of the tyrant whom they ferve, we muft fuppote them fools or madnen : -Indeed that very faith would jutitify the charge of extreme madnefs and foily againg all mankind who had not been nurcured in this cradle of infatuation.

Wcre it not for the indulgerce that a afnerous mind will always fhew to the weaknofs and prejudices of the wortt of men, matiy whem the chance of war bas timown into our bands muft have felt the fevcrity and contempt of a jully cneaged prople, while they with ail their vanity and oftention ieman ite arabut oljeits of our pity.

It is furcly rather a fabje of mory rideud than deferving of


## $\begin{array}{lllllllll}A N & O & R & A & T & I & O & N & 13\end{array}$

deny the charater of prifoners, and attributing that indulgence which is the effict of unparelled generofity, to the mean motives of fear-but we will let them know, that they cannot provoke us even to jufice in the line of py ifbment-and we leave them to their own confciences and the impartial cenfures of furrounding nations, to make Come returns for the unexampled cruelties that many of our friends have fuffered from their barbarous i. ids ; * in lieu of that feverity, which however juft, humanity fhudders to inflict. But we cannot thiak it frange to find people in the fubordinate departments of life, influenced by fuch ridiculons notions, while their haughty matters feem to labour under the misfortune of the fame infatuation.

Slaves always rate the confequence of thofe they ferve, by the treament they receive from them, and wonder that others do not feel the weight of the fame importance.

To call men of diftinguifhed rank in any government, Knaves, Fools and Scoundrels, however they may deferve it, is efteemed neither polite or decent :-I ain therefore at a lofs for names whilc

[^3]
## $14 \quad A_{N} \quad O \quad R \quad A \quad T \quad I \quad O \quad N$.

while I and defribing the oppreffors of my country.-Who without de:ferving thefe reproachful appellations, could have conceived the horrid wifh of decking his crown, with the idle plume of foreign empire at, the expence of the peace, wealth a.:d very being of a nation? And who but a pompous blockbead, in the execution of this impious defign could expeet to conquer a hardy, virtuous fet of men, by ineffectual threats and empty promiffes, contained in a fet of proclamations he wanted either courage or power to difperfe among the people they were defigned to fubduc? *

Poffibly they may conceive the length of their mafter's purfe at the rate of thirty crowns a man, to be equal to all the armed force of Europe, and therefore they fhould be able ultimately to effect that by the point of the bayonet which they rather wifhed, than expecited to obtain on any other terms.

Here let us paufe, and for the honor of our feccies, give a moment to reflection upon this fhocking idea! is it poffible that any of the race of man, fhould be fo loft to a fenfe of the rights of nature and the dignity of their rank in the chain of beings, as to fuffer themfelves (like the horfes which they ride) to be tutored to the field of war, to have a price fet upon their lives which their mafters will receive, and then be fold into the fervice of luft, ambition and avarice, and become the tools of cternal war againft the lives, the properties and freedom of the reft of mankind.

But

[^4]
## An O R A.TIO N. 15

But thanks to heaven! this black combination of paffions fupported by the unmafked-tyrant of Britain with all the mecenary forces of his powerful and extenfive allics, have hitherto proved unfucceffolul (and I truft in God they ever will) in every effort to contaminate the only column of free air in butb bemijpheres-however, one advantage we derive from their open aitempts, which is to expect no fecurity for ourfelvis but in their ruin-deliberate murders, indifcriminate plunder and the moft barbarous violence apon the delicacy and virtue of the fair, have makked the few paces of imaginary conqueft they have trod. *

Methinks I fee the tender parent frantic with rage, defying hofts of ruffians armed, and courting death in every difmal form, rather than live the witnefs of his daughters fhame-ah! hear the fhrieks of virgin innocence calling in yain for fuccour from that arm which oft defended her! but fee the helplefs vistim of their brutifh luff, in wild defpair wringing her guiltefs bands, with looks to heaven, as if, without a crime, the had loft her only title to thofe pure abodes! where is the coward beart that does not beat to arms and glow with unufual ardour for revenge ?

Where are friends to reconciliation, with thefe foes to virtue? They will tell us thcir power is fermidable, and it is wife to accommodate ourfelves to ti.e requifitions of fuperior force-as foon Id tanper with the power of heil! for


[^5] Jy bock lukea a: Trintone.

## 16 An OR ATION.

They wifh to footh but to deftroy us; and if this ftale artifice of tyrants fhould fucceed, we well deferve the ruin it enfures:-they never afi for what they can demand and impotence alone prevents 2 general carnage.

Does courage want a timulous in the defence of virtues; let us caft our eyes on the example of our illuftrious General ;-equally beyond the reach of calumny and encomium, the tongue of flander has never dared to attack him, while the ableft panegerift muft bluf. when he is attempting to give him balf the eulogiums which are his due.

The gencrous facrifice he has made of private intereft, domeftic felicity, and all the confequent refined enjoyments of focial life to the exigencies of his country in the field of wai-the cheerfulnefs with which be has fuffained all the hardfhips, anxiecties and difappointnicnts of two important campaigns, againft a formidable body of well-dikiplined vecterans, with an army compofed of men different in their marners, and unufed to the difcipline of a camp, without cxciting the fimallett jealoufies in the civil power on the one hand, or giving ocerfion for the fainteft murmurs among his foldiers on the other.-And finally when his enemies were at the zenich of the ir c!lory, and in imagination, alrcady in pofffion of a conquered world ;-with the remnant of bis expiring army, to refume the field, and with this hawdful of his chofon followers, difperfe, deftrey or captivate whole hofts of focs, wate excite fentinents of affelion, gratitude and cfteen, tha: border upon adoration,

## An O R ATMEON.

Did not a life of the moft difinterefted patrictifm and unremitted ardour in the caufe of virtue and of mankind, point him out as an exception to the charge we have fo fully fupported againft all who lived before him ? I hould dread more from the virtues of this great man, than from all the ftanding armies in the woild.
'But fo full a confidence do I poffers in his inviolable attachment to the rights of humanity and the caufe of freedom, that in fome future emergencies of the ftate-(produced perhaps by the fliffing fortune of war)-to his inftinctive goodnefs and excentric operations, I would moft cheerfully commit fupreme command.

I will explain my fentiments upon this fubject, by thafe of a friend, in his own words.
"'Tis beft that reafon govern man,
${ }^{3}$ Tis calm, delibcrate, wile,
Yet pafions were not given in vain,
Here then the difference lies.
Reafon, tho' furc, too nlow is found
In great emergencies,
While paffion inftame feels the wound,
As quick the cure applics.
Yct tkat muft not due bounds tranfreffs,
But move at reajon's nod,
Submit

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## Submit at laft to her decrees <br> And own her for the God.

'Twas thus the fynod of our land,
The reffoning power of flate,
Gave Washing ton fupreme command
And made his orders fate.
Yet as neceffity impelled
The ftep-when that is paft
The Senate fhall refume the ficld
And reign fupreme at laft."

In the fupport of fuch a caufe, directed by fuch a leader, who would think his life tue dear a facrifice ?-Let the mean, bafe, grovling foul, that wihcs for fecurity on any terms-thro' fear forget he is a man, cringe to the creature he difpifes, fmile on the man he hates, alternately hake hands with vice and virtue, and coure protection from the power he wifhes to deftroy !-Let us my friends! determined to maintain our facred rights or perih in the attempt, * with vigour urge the war, frown on our focs where'er we meet thens, defpife their mercy when we feel their power, and from this moment hold ourfelves beyond the reach of pardon.

> - J'hana ef teaacem, propofisi visum, Ninn curie:3 arfor: prava jainentiein Non waltur ind unis tyranni Noare gatit filiona:


[^0]:    $\therefore$ The petty fates and princes who have raifed their armies as a peafant would his game cocks, and fent theril to tharket for a price, are in the mot infamous fenfe of the word, rools.

    Piafratus of Aebens, Déonifius of Syracufe, and Cxfar of Rome, furnifa a few among aumweslefa exangilep that bifiory aficine,

[^1]:    - The fouda! tenure.
    $\ddagger$ Chates VII and Lewis XI of Fisance having lot the example, all the crowned heade in Eu. rope foon fullowed is.

[^2]:    
    

[^3]:    * Capt. Fohnron and bis crew, the pri:oners in general at New. Tork and Halifax, Mr. Learell and many othess in Bofon, are intances fufitiont to d-itroy the bitis
    
    
    
    
    
    
    

[^4]:    - The Generals, Gage and Howr :. - '1ving this warlike game ever fince th:y have been in t!e.

[^5]:    

